ME 433 Week #2 STUDY GUIDE

SI Engines – Study Questions

- 1) What processes occur during each of the four strokes in a 4-stroke SI engine?
- 2) What terms in the 1st law of thermodynamics are active for each of the four strokes?
- 3) How do you find the top dead center volume (clearance volume) from the cylinder displacement and compression ratio?
- 4) What do IVO, EVC, IVC, EVO mean in the pressure versus crankangle diagram for a four stroke SI engine? Why do these occur at their respective locations?
- 5) At what location does maximum cylinder pressure occur in a SI engine? Why is this not at TDC?
- 6) Why is scavenging especially important in a 2-stroke engine? What are common methods of scavenging?
- 7) What do IPO, EPC, IPC, EVC mean in the pressure versus crankangle diagram for a two stroke engine? Why do these occur at their respective locations?
- 8) How is load controlled in a SI engine?
- 9) What is the difference between a carburetion system and a fuel injection system for delivering fuel to a SI engine? Which is more common in modern automobile engines? Why? Which is more common in small utility engines? Why?
- 10) How is engine performance impacted through use of a supercharger?
- 11) What is the difference between a supercharger and a turbocharger?
- 12) What is the purpose of an intercooler? Why does this enhance engine performance?
- 13) What is turbo lag? Why does this occur?
- 14) What is the purpose of a wastegate? At what load level is a wastegate deployed? Why?

CI Engines – Study Questions

- 1) What processes occur during each of the four strokes in a 4-stroke CI engine?
- 2) What do SOI, EOI, EOC, and SOC mean in the pressure versus crankangle diagram for a four stroke CI engine?
- 3) At what location does maximum cylinder pressure occur in a CI engine? Why is this not at TDC?
- 4) What is the difference between CI and SI fuel injectors?
- 5) Is there such a thing as a 2-stroke CI engine?
- 6) How is load controlled in a CI engine?

Otto Cycle Modeling - Study Questions

- 1) What assumptions underlie the air standard analysis?
- 2) In what ways is the Otto cycle a simplification of a Real cycle?
- 3) What is the direction of change in temperature, entropy, pressure, and volume during each of the processes that make up an Otto Cycle?
- 4) What does an Otto Cycle look like on a PV diagram?
- 5) What does an Otto Cycle look like on a TS diagram?
- 6) What is the name of the thermodynamic process for each stroke in an Otto Cycle? Which properties remain constant during each process?
- 7) How does the first law of thermodynamics simplify for each process in the Otto Cycle?
- 8) What is the sign of the work transfer and heat transfer during each of the processes that make up an Otto Cycle?
- 9) What is the sign of work transfer and heat transfer across the entire Otto Cycle? What is the relationship between these quantities?
- 10) What is the equation for thermodynamic efficiency of an Otto Cycle, assuming constant specific heats? What variables have the greatest impact on this efficiency?

Diesel Cycle Modeling – Study Questions

- 1) What is the difference between the diesel cycle and dual cycle?
- 2) What is the direction of change in temperature, entropy, pressure, and volume during each of the processes that make up a Diesel Cycle?
- 3) What does a Diesel Cycle look like on a PV diagram?
- 4) What does a Diesel Cycle look like on a TS diagram?
- 5) What is the name of the thermodynamic process for each stroke in a Diesel Cycle? Which properties remain constant during each process?
- 6) What is the sign of the work transfer and heat transfer during each of the processes that make up a Diesel Cycle?
- 7) How does the first law of thermodynamics simplify for each process in the Diesel Cycle?
- 8) What is the sign of work transfer and heat transfer during each of the processes that make up a Diesel Cycle?
- 9) What is the sign of the work transfer and heat transfer across the entire Diesel Cycle? What is the relationship between these quantities?
- 10) What is meant by the cutoff ratio?
- 11) What is the equation for thermodynamic efficiency of a Diesel Cycle, assuming constant specific heats? What variables have the greatest impact on this efficiency?

Dual Cycle – Study Questions

- 1) Answer the same questions posed for the Diesel Cycle?
- 2) How does the dual cycle efficiency compare to Otto cycle efficiency and Diesel cycle efficiency?

MEP Modeling – Study Questions

- 1) What is mean by mean effective pressure? Why is this a useful concept?
- 2) How do you visualize mean effective pressure on a PV diagram?
- 3) What engine parameter is represented by $V_2 V_1$?
- 4) What is the equation for engine power output? What variables are involved?
- 5) How is engine power output related to engine torque?
- 6) How is engine torque output related to mean effective pressure?
- 7) What variables influence mean effective pressure?
- 8) How does increasing each of these variables impact the mean effective pressure?
- 9) What changes in engine design or operating conditions increase in each variable? Why?
- 10) Is mean effective pressure a function of engine speed? Why?

Gas Exchange Processes – Study Questions

- 1) What does a PV diagram look like for an unthrottled Otto Cycle?
- 2) What does a PV diagram look like for a throttled Otto Cycle? What is the impact of throttled operation on the specific work of the cycle? How can you tell from the PV diagram?
- 3) What does a PV diagram look like for a supercharged Otto Cycle? What is the impact of the throttle operation on the specific work of the cycle? How can you tell from the PV diagram?
- 4) What is meant by blowdown? How does this impact specific work of an engine cycle?
- 5) What is meant by displacement? How is this achieved?
- 6) What is residual gas? Does this apply to both SI and CI engines? Why?
- 7) What are typical values for the residual gas fraction? What engine conditions would cause the residual gas fraction to increase?
- 8) Why is the residual gas fraction lower for compression ignition engines?
- 9) How does the residual gas fraction impact intake temperature?
- 10) What is the impact of valve overlap under part throttle condition?
- 11) What is the impact of valve overlap at wide open throttle?
- 12) What is the impact of valve overlap during supercharging?
- 13) How is valve timing adjusted between conventional and high performance engines? Why?
- 14) What is meant by volumetric efficiency and how does this impact engine performance?
- 15) What is the relative contribution to volumetric efficiency at different engine speeds? Why?